CP20series



## Advantage



CP20 series is equipped with the automatic crosstalk prevention function so that two sets of it can be installed closely together or facing each other.



## Compact Size





#### Waterproof

Achieves IP 67. The sensor can be put on machinery washed with water. The mounting bracket (option) is not corrosive as it is made of stainless steel material.



### Two-turn adjuster with the indicator

It has two turn adjuster that is possible to set the fine distance. Moreover, the indicator shows the adjustment position at a glance.



## **Applications**







— An-00 —



## Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
	2m Cable	10 -30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0040N-CY6C3U2-BS
e: Red LED		(Sn=20~40mm)	PNP	CP20-D0040P-CY6C3U2-BS
		10 -30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0100N-CY6C3U2-BS
		(Sn=30~100mm)	PNP	CP20-D0100P-CY6C3U2-BS
Source	D. VE	10 -30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0200N-CY6C3U2-BS
Light		(Sn=30~200mm)	PNP	CP20-D0200P-CY6C3U2-BS
$\times$	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)	10 -30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0040N-CY6Q4UP-BS
	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)	(SN=20~40mm)	PNP	CP20-D0040P-CY6Q4UP-BS
│ <b>1</b> ↓		<b>10 -30V DC</b> (Sn=30~100mm)	NPN	CP20-D0100N-CY6Q4UP-BS
			PNP	CP20-D0100P-CY6Q4UP-BS
		<b>10 -30V DC</b> (Sn=30~200mm)	NPN	CP20-D0200N-CY6Q4UP-BS
tance:			PNP	CP20-D0200P-CY6Q4UP-BS
aing Dis 40mm ; 100mm 200mm stable)		10 -30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0040N-CY6P4UP-BS
Sens 20 to 30 to 30 to (Adju		(SN=20~40mm)	PNP	CP20-D0040P-CY6P4UP-BS
		10-30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0100N-CY6P4UP-BS
		(Sn=30~100mm)	PNP	CP20-D0100P-CY6P4UP-BS
		10-30V DC	NPN	CP20-D0200N-CY6P4UP-BS
		(Sn=30~200mm)	PNP	CP20-D0200P-CY6P4UP-BS

Note: Coming Soon: Part numbers with underline In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle — An-01-



## Specifications

Tuna		Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression						
	Type	N	PN output type	•	PI	NP output type		
lte	m Model No.	CP20-D0040N- CY6x4Ux-BS	CP20-D0100N- CY6x4Ux-BS	CP20-D0200N- CY6x4Ux-BS	CP20-D0040P- CY6x4Ux-BS	CP20-D0100P- CY6x4Ux-BS	CP20-D0200P- CY6x4Ux-BS	
Se	nsing distance	20 to 40mm	30 to 100mm	30 to 200mm	20 to 40mm	30 to 100mm	30 to 200mm	
De	tectable target	More than 30x30	mm					
Ну	steresis	5% or less of se	ensing distance	20% or less of sensing distance	5% or less of se	ensing distance	20% or less of sensing distance	
Re	peat accuracy	Along sensing ax	is:1mm or less , Per	pendicular to sensin	g axis: 0.2mm or les	s (with non-glossy w	hite paper)	
Ро	wer source	10 to 30V DC 10	0% Ripple P-P: L	ess than 10%				
Cu	rrent consumption		Less than 45mA			Less than 50mA		
Se	nsing output	NPN open-collector transistor Sink current : Max. 100mA Applied voltage: Max. 30V DC Residual voltage: Less than 1.0V at 100mA sink current Less than 0.4V at 16mA sink current			PNP open-collector transistor Source current : Max. 100mA Applied voltage: Max. 30V DC Residual voltage: Less than 1V at 100mA source current Less than 0.4V at 16mA source current			
	Output operation	Light-ON/Dark-ON selectable with selection switch						
	Short-circuit protection	on Incorporated						
Response time         Less than 1 ms								
Operation indicator Red LED(Lights up when the sensing output is ON)								
Sta	bility indicator	Green LED(Lights ι	ıp under stable light re	ceived condition or sta	ble dark condition)			
Dis	tance adjuster	2 turn adjuster wi	th indicator	b				
	Protection	IP 67						
e	Ambient temperature	-20 to +55℃ (No	dew condensation c	or icing allowed), stor	rage: -25 to +70°C			
tanc	Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, St	orage:35 to 85 % RI	H (V)		XI		
esis	Extraneous light	Sunlight: 10000 l	x at the light receiv	ing face, Incandesce	entlight: 3000 l x at t	he light-receiving fa	ce.	
ıtal r	Noise	Power line: 240Vp	with 0.5us pulse durat	tion, Radiation: 600Vp	with 0.5us pulse durat	tion (by noise simulato	r)	
mer	Dielectric	1000 V AC applie	d between live parts	and enclosure for 1	min.			
iron	Insulation	More than 20M $\Omega$ a	pplied between live pa	arts and enclosure at 2	250V DC			
Env	Vibration	3mm amplitude at 1	requency of 10 to 500	Hz in each of X, Y and	Z directions for 2 hou	rs each		
	Shock	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (approx.50G) impulse in each of X, Y and Z directions for 3 times each						
Em	itting element	Red LED (modula	ited)			Y		
Ма	terial	Enclosure: PBT (	polybutylene tereph	thalate), lens: acryli	c, front cover: acryli	0		
Ca	ble	0.2mm <sup>2</sup> 4-cores o	f oil, heat and cold r	esistant cable of 2m	long			
Ca	bleextension	Extension up to to	otal 100mby using a	min. 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> cable				
Pig	tail and connector	Connector type: 4	pins M8 Pico-style;	Pigtail type: See Pig	gtail Series or our C	ables & Connector	<b>s</b> catalogue.	
We	ight	85g approx.						



## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)



—An-03—

![](_page_4_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

### CP20-D0200N(P)... (Sensing Range=200 mm)

![](_page_4_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_5.jpeg)

The graph shows the

sensing ranges when detecting some colors under the condition

adjusted the maximum sensing distance to each value(200mm, 100mm,

30mm)with white.

...200mm

...100mm

...30mm

![](_page_4_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_7.jpeg)

#### Correlation between color (50x50mm) and sensing range

Π Π

Brown

Green Blue

Red

Drange

Gray

Black

## Deviation & (mm) Correlation between material (50x50mm) and sensing range

Π

Π

Non-glossy black paper (Brightness: 5

5) Cardboard Veneer board

Π

Black rubber

The graph shows the sensing ranges when detecting some kinds of objects under the condition adjusted the maximum sensing distance to each value (200 mm, 100mm,30 mm) with non-glossy white paper.

...200mm

..100mm

...30mm

200

100

0

White |

Yellow

Setting Range L (mm)

#### **NPN Output Type** Color code / Connector pin No. **Connector face view** (Brown/1) +V DL Pico-Style Sensor circuit Load (Black/4) output + Tr 1.Brown (+) 10-30V DC 2.Not used 3.Blue (-) 🛣 ZD 4.Black (Output) (Blue/3) 0V Symbol...D: Reverse polarity protection diode. ZD: Surge absorption zener diode. Tr: NPN output transistor.

200

100

0

Non-glossy white paper

Setting Range L (mm)

#### **PNP Output Type**

![](_page_4_Figure_15.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Figure_16.jpeg)

Symbol...D: Reverse polarity protection diode. ZD: Surge absorption zener diode. Tr: PNP output transistor.

## **Connector face view**

## **Pico-Style**

![](_page_4_Picture_20.jpeg)

1.Brown (+) 2.Not used 3.Blue (-) 4.Black (Output)

![](_page_5_Picture_1.jpeg)

## **Precautions For Proper Use**

![](_page_5_Picture_3.jpeg)

This products is not a safety sensor designed to intend to protect life and prevent bodily injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery, but a normal object detection sensor.

#### Mounting

Tightening torque should be 0.5N m{5.1kgf cm} or less.

![](_page_5_Picture_7.jpeg)

Do not make

the sensor aim

at an object on

the left because

it may cause the

unstable detection.

Notice must be taken of the sensing orientation of the sensor against the moving direction or objects.

![](_page_5_Figure_9.jpeg)

Sensing object Sensing object Sensing object Neither specular objects such as aluminum foil, copper foil, or so nor shinny materials painted or coated might be detected on condition with some sensing angle error or wrinkles on their

surfaces. Tilt the sensor upwards to prevent an unexpected missdetection where a specular material presents under it.

The sensor should lose the detect ability if any specular or shinny materials behind objects might slightly change the angle toward it (background influence). In such case, the sensor should be angled against them and fixed again, then tested the

operation to eliminate any miss-detection. Notice that the sensor compulsory goes into the light condition (ON) when much excessive ambient light is received. Notice that a dead zone will appear in right front of the sensor

when the distance adjuster is set in NEAR side.

٧

#### **Distance adjustment**

#### <Adjusters>

Stable operation indicator(green)

(Lights under the stable light condition or the stable dark condition)

Operation indicator(red) Lights when the sensing output is ON.

Operation mode switch

(Turn the switch fully)

L: Sensing ON

D:Sensing OFF

Distance adjuster(two turns) (The sensing range lengthens by turning it clockwise.)

#### <Setting procedure>

1	Turn the distance adjuster fully counterclockwise to take the minimum setting position (about 30mm or 20mm with CP20-D0040N-xX6x4Ux and CP20-D0040P-xX6x4Ux).	NEAR FAR
2	Place an object at a certain distance from the sensor, turn the distance adjuster gradually clockwise, and find out " (A)" point where the sensor changes into the light condition.	NEAR FAR
3	Remove the object, turn the distance adjuster still clockwise, and find out "B" point where the sensor changes into the light condition again with only a background.(When the sensor does not go into the light condition until the adjuster is fully turned clockwise, "B" point should be at the maximum point in the range.)	NEAR FAR
4	The optimum position to stably detect objects must be the center between "A" and "B" point.	A Optimur position

(\*1): in order to protect itself, notice that the distance adjuster idles if turned fully

#### Stable operation indicator

CP20 series avails PSD inside as a beam-receiving device and recognizes where the beam is received, not how much the beam is received as standard diffuse reflective sensors work. Notice that the positions where the stable operation indicator lights off vary by the dissimilar reflective ratio of objects instead of the same detecting position. Do not have the sensor detect objects where the stable indicator lights off( in the unstable light condition).

Sensor

![](_page_5_Figure_27.jpeg)

#### Self-diagnostic output

The self-diagnostic output is in the ON state when the lightreceiving intensity is reduced due to dirty lens and/or alignment deviation.

![](_page_5_Figure_30.jpeg)

- (1) The self-diagnostic output transistor is in the ON state during the stable sensing.
- (2) If the sensor does not arrive at either stable light level or stable dark level when the sensing output turns on or off, the self-diagnostic output turns on.
- (3) If the light is insufficient intensity, there will be a time lag before the self-diagnostic output turns on.

## Wiring

Short-circuit protection is not equipped for the self-diagnostic output. Do not connect it directly to the power supply or capacitive load.

Power supply should be turned off before wiring. Verify voltage fluctuation so that it should not exceed the rated value.

When using a switching regulator readily available in the market for the power supply, always ground the frame ground(F.G)terminal.

When using equipment which generates the noises (switching regulator or inverter motor, etc.) Near the sensor, ground the frame ground(F.G.) Terminal of equipment.

Do not run sensor cables near high-voltage lines or power lines, nor put them together in the same raceway. Doing so may cause malfunctions due to inductive interference.

#### Others

Do not use the sensor output signal for 50ms immediately after the power is supplied to the sensor. Avoid places where the sensor may be directly exposed to fluorescent lights with rapid-starters or high frequency lighting as it may affect the sensing performance.

# **CP20** series

## **Dimensions** (Unit: mm)

![](_page_6_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_4.jpeg)

Material: Stainless steel (SUS 304) Supplied with two pieces of M3x18mm screws

![](_page_6_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Figure_7.jpeg)

22

![](_page_7_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Thru-beam Mode / Retroreflective Mode with Polarizing Filter

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
	2m Cable		Emitter	CP31-T010MD-EY6C3L2
		10-30V DC	NPN	CP31-T010MN-CY6C3U2
			PNP	CP31-T010MP-CY6C3U2
	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)		Emitter	<del>CP31-T010MD-EY6Q4LP</del>
19 19		10-30V DC	NPN	CP31-T010MN-CY6Q4UP
			PNP	CP31-T010MP-CY6Q4UP
	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)	$\sim$	Emitter	CP31-T010MD-EY6P4LP
u		10-30V DC	NPN	CP31-T010MN-CY6P4UP
Thru-beam			PNP	CP31-T010MP-CY6P4UP
Sensing Distance	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)		Emitter	CP31-T010MD-EY6P4LE
10m		10-30V DC	NPN	CP31-T010MN-CY6P4UE
ReaLED		- Dr	PNP	CP31-T010MP-CY6P4UE
AS33333337	2m Cable		NPN	CP31-L3000N-CY6C3U2-PF
		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-L3000P-CY6C3U2-PF
≣ <b>▲ I</b>				X
3000r	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)		NPN	CP31-L3000N-CY6Q4UP-PF
		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-L3000P-CY6Q4UP-PF
	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)		NPN	CP31-L3000N-CY6P4UP-PF
Mode (with polarizing filter)		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-L3000P-CY6P4UP-PF
(	E-illing a			
Sensing Distance 3000mm (Note)	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)		NPN	CP31-L3000N-CY6P4UE-PF
Red LED		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-L3000P-CY6P4UE-PF

Note: Used with RE-6152 (supplied with sensor) reflector. Coming Soon : Part numbers with underline In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

![](_page_8_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Standard Diffuse Mode / Long Range Diffuse Mode

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
	2m Cable		NPN	CP31-D0300N-CY9C3U2
<b>†</b>	-	10-30V DC	PNP	<u>CP31-D0300P-CY9C3U2</u>
ε				
	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0300N-CY9Q4UP
		10-30V DC	PNP	<del>CP31-D0300P-CY9Q4UP</del>
U (	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0300N-CY9P4UP
Diffuse Mode		10-30V DC	PNP	<u>CP31-D0300P-CY9P4UP</u>
Sensing distance				
300mm	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0300N-CY9P4UE
Infrared LED		10-30V DC	PNP	<u>CP31-D0300P-CY9P4UE</u>
	2m Cable	Dr	NPN	CP31-D0800N-CY9C3U2
		10-30V DC	PNP	GP31-D0800P-CY9C3U2
≣ <b>▲ I</b>				×
	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)		NPN	<del>CP31-D0800N-CY9Q4UP</del>
		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-D0800P-CY9Q4UP
Diffuse Made	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0800N-CY9P4UP
Diffuse Mode		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-D0800P-CY9P4UP
Long sensing	and the second			
	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0800N-CY9P4UE
Infrared LED		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-D0800P-CY9P4UE

Note: Coming Soon : Part numbers with underline In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

![](_page_9_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Narrow-view Diffuse Mode / Options

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
	2m Cable		NPN	CP31-D0200N-CY6C3U2-N
		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-D0200P-CY6C3U2-N
E				
5 200m	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0200N-CY6Q4UP-N
P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)	10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-D0200P-CY6Q4UP-N
		10-30V DC	NPN	CP31-D0200N-CY6P4UP-N
			PNP	CP31-D0200P-CY6P4UP-N
Sensing Distance 70 to 200mm	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)		NPN	CP31-D0200N-CY6P4UE-N
Red LED		10-30V DC	PNP	CP31-D0200P-CY6P4UE-N

## Options

Designation	Model No. Slitei		Sensing ra		range Min.sensing object	
Designation	Model No.	SIILSIZE	Slit on one side	Slit on both sides	Slit on one side	Slit on both sides
Round slit mask (For	OS-0.5	∲0.5mm	400 mm	20 mm	ф12mm	∳0.5mm
thru-beam type sensor	OS-1	φ1mm	900 mm	100 mm	φ12mm	∳1mm
only)	OS-2	∲2mm	2 m	400 mm	∲12mm	∲2mm
Rectangular slit mask (For thru-beam type sensor	RS-0.5x6	0.5x6mm	2 m	400 mm	∲12mm	0.5x6mm
	RS-1x6	1x6mm	3 m	1 m	∲12mm	1x6mm
only)	RS-2x6	2x6mm	5 m	2 m	φ12mm	2x6mm

Fitted on the	front face of the
sensor with	one-touch
•OS-x	
	~5 0
	55
( CO)	

Round slit mask

![](_page_9_Picture_7.jpeg)

Rectangular slit mask Fitted on the front face of the sensor with one-touch

![](_page_9_Figure_9.jpeg)

Designation	Model No.	Sensing Range	Min. sensing object	Interference prevention filter Two sets of thru-beam type sensors can be mounted close together.
Interference	PF-V	5m	∲ 12mm	• PF-'
prevention filter	(Vertical)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	
(for thru-beam	PF-H	5m	∲ 12mm	
type sensor only)	(Horizonal)	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	

Notes: 1) Value when attached to both sides.

## Note:

Coming Soon :Part numbers with underline In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

![](_page_10_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Specifications

$\bigwedge$	Tune	<b>-</b>	Retroreflective		Diffuse reflective	/e	
$ \rangle$	Туре	Thru-beam	(with polarizing filters)	Standard	Long sensing range	Narrow-view reflective	
	NPN output type	CP31-T010MN-xY6xxUx	CP31-L3000N-xY6xxUx-PF	CP31-D0300N-xY9xxUx	CP31-D0800N-xY9xxUx	CP31-D0200N-xY6xxUx-N	
Item	PNP output type	CP31-T010MP-xY6xxUx	CP31-L3000P-xY6xxUx-PF	CP31-D0300P-xY9xxUx	CP31-D0800P-xY9xxUx	CP31-D0200P-xY6xxUx-N	
Sei	nsing range	10m	<b>3m</b> (Note1)	300mm(Note 2)	800mm(Note 2)	70 to 200mm( Note 2)	
Sei	nsing object	∲ 12mm or more opaque object (Note 3)	∲50mm or more opaque, translucent or specular object	Opaque, translucent	or transparent object	Opaque, translucent or transparent object (Min. Sensing object 0.5mm copper wire)	
Hys	steresis			15% or	ess of operation distance	e	
Rej icu	peatability( Perpend- lar to sensing axis)	0.5mm or	less	1mm (	or less	0.5mm or less	
Su	oply voltage		10 to 30V DC 10	% Ripple P-P 10% c	r less		
Cu	rrent consumption	Emitter: 20mA or less Receiver:20mA or less	20mA or less	25mA	or less	20mA or less	
Sensing output					etween output and +V) 10mA source current) at 16mA source current)		
	Utilization category		DC-12 or DC-13				
	Output operation	Switchable either Li	ght-ON or Dark-ON	·			
	Short-circuit protection	n Incorporated					
Res	sponse time	1 ms or less					
Ор	eration indicator	or Orange LED (lights up when the output is ON) (incorporated on the receiver for thru-beam type)					
Sta	bility indicator	Green LED( lights up unde	r stable light received con	dition or stable dark conditi	on) (incorporated on the re	ceiver for thru-beam type)	
Ροι	wer indicator	Green LED					
Sei	isitivity adjuster	Continuously variable adjuster (incorporated on the receiver for thru-beam type)					
Aut pre	omatic interference vention function	mounted close together interference prevention filters. (sensing range: 5m)	Incorpora	ted (Two units of sensor	s can be mounted close	together.)	
	Pollution degree		3 (Industrial env	ironment)			
е	Protection		IP 67 (IEC				
stan	Ambient temperature	-25 to +55℃ (No dew o	condensation or icing all	owed), storage: -30 to +	70°C		
esi	Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, storage	:35 to 85% RH				
tal r	Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: 10000 l x at t	he light receiving face,	ncandescent light: 3000	ℓ x at the light-receiving	face.	
nen	EMC	IEC 60947-5-2, Parts 7.2	.6.1.2.3 or RFI>3V/m(in 30	0-1000MHZ), EFT>1KV, E	SD>4KV(contact)		
onn	Voltage withstandability	1000 V AC for one min.	Between all supply term	ninals connected togeth	er and enclosure.		
יאר	Insulation resistance	$20M\Omega$ ,or more, with 250	V DC megger between all	supply terminals connected	ed together and enclosure		
Ē	Vibration resistance	IEC 60947-5-2, Part 7.4.2	2 or 10-55HZ, 1.0mm amp	litude In X, Y and Z directi	ons for 30 min		
	Shock resistance	IEC 60947-5-2, Part 7.4.	1 or 30g,11ms in X,Y and	Z directions for six times e	ach		
Em	itting element	Red LED (r	nodulated)	Infrared LE	D (modulated)	Red LED (modulated)	
Ma	terial	Enclosure: PBT (polyb	utylene terephthalate),	ens: acrylic, front cover	: acrylic		
Cal	ble	0.2mm <sup>2</sup> 3-core (thru-be	eam type emitter: 2-core	) cabtyre cable, 2m long			
Cal	ole extension	Extension up to total 10	00m is possible with 0.3	mm², or more, cable (thr	u-beam type: both emitt	er and receiver)	
Pig	tail type	See Pigtail Series or o	our Cables & Connecto	<b>rs</b> catalogue.			
Co	nnector type	Pico style (M8) 4pin; E	uro style(M12) 4pin.				
We	ight	50g approx. (Emitter o	r thru-beam type: 45g ap	oprox.)			
Ac	cessories		RE-6152(Reflector):1 pc.		. <u> </u>		

Notes: 1) The sensing range and the sensing object of the retroreflective type sensor are specified for the RE-6152 (supplied with sensor) reflector. In addition, set the distance between the sensor and the reflector to 0.1m or more.
2) The sensing range of the diffuse reflective type sensor and narrow-view reflective type sensor are specified for white non-glossy paper(200x200 mm) as the object.
3) If slit masks (optional) are fitted, an fitted, an object of \$\overline{0.5mm}\$ (using round slit mask) can be detected.

![](_page_11_Picture_1.jpeg)

## **Connection Diagrams**

### NPN output type

### I/O circuit diagram

![](_page_11_Figure_5.jpeg)

# **CP31** series

## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

#### Thru-beam Mode (Sn=10m)

![](_page_12_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### Retroreflective Mode (Sn=3m, performance on RE-6152 reflector)

![](_page_12_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

#### Standard Diffuse Mode (Sn=300mm)

![](_page_13_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Figure_5.jpeg)

As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 200x200 mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 200x200 mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 300 mm.

#### Long Range Diffuse Mode (Sn=800mm)

![](_page_13_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Figure_10.jpeg)

As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 200x200 mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 200x200 mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 800mm.

#### Narrow-view Diffuse Mode (Sn=200mm)

![](_page_13_Figure_14.jpeg)

#### Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range

![](_page_13_Figure_16.jpeg)

Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range

![](_page_13_Figure_18.jpeg)

The sensing region is represented by oblique lines in the left figure.

However, the sensitivity should be

of slight variation in products.

Lightness shown on the

lift may differ slightly

from the actual object

condition.

set with an enough margin because

smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 200x200 mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

As the sensing object size becomes

For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 200x200 mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 200mm.

Emitted beam

![](_page_13_Figure_22.jpeg)

—Ao-07—

**CP31** SERIES

## **Precautions For Proper Use**

![](_page_14_Picture_2.jpeg)

This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

## Mounting The tightening torque should be 0.5N•m or less.

![](_page_14_Figure_5.jpeg)

 It is the power indicator (Green LED)(lights up when the power is ON) for the thru-beam type sensor emitter.

### Operation mode switch

Operation mode switch	Description
	Light-ON mode is obtained when the operation mode switch( located on the receiver for the thru-beam type) is turned fully clockwise(L side)
	Dark-ON mode is obtained when the operation mode switch (located on the receiver for the thru-beam type) is turned fully counterclockwise (D side).

#### Beam alignment

- Thru-beam type sensor
- O Set the operation mode switch to the Light-ON mode position \_ (L side).
- ② Placing the emitter and the receiver face to face along a straight line, move the emitter in the up, down, left and right directions, in order to determine the range of the light received condition with the help of the operation indicator (orange). Then, set the emitter at the center of this range.
- ③Similarly, adjust for up, down, left and right angular movement of the emitter.
- ④ Further, perform the angular adjustment for the receiver also.
- © Check that the stability indicator (green) lights up.
- ⑥ Choose the operation mode, Light-ON or Dark-ON, as per your requirement, with the operation mode switch.

Sensing object

![](_page_14_Figure_18.jpeg)

- Retroreflective type sensor
- Set the operation mode switch to the Light-ON mode position(L side).
- Placing the sensor and the reflector face to face along a straight line, move the reflector in the up, down, left and right directions, in order to determine the range of the light received condition with the help of the operation indicator (orange). Then, set the reflector at the center of this range.
- ③ Similarly, adjust for up, down, left and right angular movement of the reflector.
- ④ Further, perform the angular adjustment for the sensor also
- ⑤ Check that the stability indicator(green) lights up.
- 6 Choose the operation mode, Light-ON or Dark-ON, as per
  - your requirement, with the operation mode switch.

![](_page_14_Figure_27.jpeg)

### Sensitivity adjustment

Step	Sensitivity adjuster	Description
1	MAX	Turn the sensitivity adjuster fully counter- clockwise to the minimum sensitivity position, MIN.
2	MAX	In the light received condition, turn the sensitivity adjuster slowly clockwise and confirm the point () where the sensor enters the 'Light' state operation.
3	B MAX	In the dark condition, turn the sensitivity adjuster further clockwise until the sensor enters the 'Light' state operation and then bring it back to confirm point ® where the sensor just returns to the 'Dark' state operation. If the sensor does not enter the 'Light' state operation even when the sensitivity adjuster is turned fully clockwise, the position is point ®
4	Optimum position	The position at the middle of point®and® is the optimum sensing position.

Note: Use the 'minus' adjusting screwdriver( please arrange separately) to turn the adjuster slowly. Turning with excessive strength will cause damage to the adjuster.

![](_page_14_Figure_31.jpeg)

## **CP31** SERIES

## **Precautions For Proper Use**

### Relation between output and indicators

![](_page_15_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### ○ :Lights up

#### Retroreflective type sensor with polarizing filters

• If a shiny object is covered or wrapped with a transparent film, such as those described below, the retroreflective type sensor with polarizing filters may not be able to detect it. In that case, follow the steps given below.

#### Example of sensing objects

- Can wrapped by clear film
- Aluminum sheet covered by plastic film
- Gold or silver color (specular) label or wrapping paper

#### Steps

- Tilt the sensor with respect to the sensing object while fitting.
- Reduce the sensitivity.
- Increase the distance between the sensor and the sensing object.

#### Slit mask (optional) (Exclusively for thru-beam type sensor)

• With the slit mask (OS-x), the sensor can detect a small object. However, the sensing range is reduced when the slit mask is mounted.

#### How to mount

Insert the fixing hook into the fixing groove. Then, pressing the slit mask against the main unit, insert the fixing tab into the fixing groove.

![](_page_15_Figure_20.jpeg)

#### How to remove

Insert a screwdriver into the removing tab Pull forward while lifting the remove tab

#### Interference prevention filter( Optional) (Exclusively for thru-beam type sensor)

- •By mounting interference prevention filters(PF-x), two sets of CP31-T10000x-xX6xxUx can be mounted close together. However, the sensing range is reduced when the interference prevention filter is mounted.
- The filters can be mounted by the same method as for the slit masks.
- The two sets of sensors should be fitted with different types of interference prevention filters.
- The interference prevention does not work even if the filters are mounted for emitters only, receivers only or the same model No. Of the interference prevention filters are mounted on both the set of the sensor.

![](_page_15_Picture_28.jpeg)

## Wiring

- Make sure to carry out the wiring in the power supply off condition.
- Take care that wrong wiring will damage the sensor.
  Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) Terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) Is used in the vicinity of this product, connect the frame ground(F.G) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- Extension up to total 100m (thru-beam type: both emitter and receiver) is possible with 0.3mm<sup>2</sup>, or more, calbe. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible.
- Make sure that stress by forcible bend or pulling is not applied directly to the sensor cable joint.

#### Others

- Do not use during the initial transient time (50 ms) after the power supply is switched on.
- This sensor is suitable for indoor use only.
- Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.
- Take care that the sensor does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.

![](_page_16_Picture_1.jpeg)

0.4

42.5

. Beam axis

25.4

12.3

## Dimensions (Unit: mm)

#### **Sensor Type**

![](_page_16_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Figure_5.jpeg)

Material: Stainless steel (SUS 304) Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.

t1.2

9.5

![](_page_17_Picture_1.jpeg)

## **Dimensions** (Unit: mm)

![](_page_17_Figure_3.jpeg)

– Ao-11—

CP35<sub>SERIES</sub>

## Advantage & Applications

## Advantage

![](_page_18_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_6.jpeg)

— Ar-00—

![](_page_19_Picture_1.jpeg)

## **Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression**

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
	2m Cable	10.30V DC	NPN <del>CP35-D0200</del>	CP35-D0200N-CY9C3U2-BS
Ē		10-30V DC	PNP	<del>CP35-D0200P-CY9C3U2-BS</del>
50 to 200	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)	10 20V DC	NPN	CP35-D0200N-CY9Q4UP-BS
		10-30V DC	PNP	CP35-D0200P-CY9Q4UP-BS
	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)	NPN 10 201/ DC	NPN	CP35-D0200N-CY9P4UP-BS
Sensing Distance 50 to 200mm Infrared LED		10-30V DC	PNP	CP35-D0200P-CY9P4UP-BS

## Options

![](_page_19_Picture_5.jpeg)

Designation Description Model No. RS-2.5x24 2.5x24mm Narrow-view The sensing view is narrowed laterally so that RS-3.0x24 Slit size 3.0x24mm the sensor detects an object precisely. slit mask 3.5x24mm RS-3.5x24 **PT-RP500** 500mm Cable is protected from external forces. **Protective tube** Length It does not rust because of stainless steel. PT-RP1000 1000mm

### Note:

In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

— Ar-01 —

![](_page_20_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Specifications

Туре		Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression			
		NPN output type	PNP output type		
Ite	m Model No.	CP35-D0200N-CY9xxUx-BS	CP35-D0200P-CY9xxUx-BS		
Sensing distance		50 to 200 mm ( with 50x50mm non-glossy white paper			
Detectable target		More than 30x30mm			
Ну	steresis	Less than 10% of sensing distance			
Re	peat accuracy	Axial direction: 1mm, Lateral direction to beam axis: 0.5mm to 5x5cm, non-glossy white paper			
Po	wer source	10 to 30V DC 10% Ripple P-P 10% or less			
Cu	rrent consumption	Less than 40mA			
Sensing output		NPN open-collector transistor Sink current : Max. 100mA Applied voltage: Max. 30V DC Residual voltage: Less than 1.5V at 100mA sink current Less than 0.4V at 16mA sink current	PNP open-collector transistor Source current : Max. 100mA Applied voltate: Max. 30V DC Residual voltage: Less than 1V at 100mA source current Less than 0.4V at 16mA source current		
	Output operation	Light-ON/Dark-ON selectable with selection switch			
	Short-circuit protection	Incorporated			
Re	sponse time	Less than 1 ms			
Operation indicator		Red LED( illuminates when output is ON state)			
Sta	bility indicator	Green LED( illuminates under stable light intensity condition or stable insufficient light intensity condition)			
Dis	stance adjuster	Two revolution mechanical adjustor			
	Protection	IP 67			
nce	Ambienttemperature	-25 to +60 $^\circ\!\!\!\!C$ (No dew condensation or icing allowed), storage: -30 to +70 $^\circ\!\!\!C$			
istal	Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH			
resi	Extraneous light	Sunlight: 10000 $\ell$ x at the light receiving face, Incandescent light: 3000 $\ell$ x at the light-receiving face.			
ntal	Noise	Power line: 240Vp with 0.5us pulse duration, Radiation: 600Vp with 0.5us pulse duration (by noise simulator)			
ame	Dielectric	1000 V AC applied between live parts and enclosure for 1 min.			
iror	Insulation	More than 20M $\Omega$ applied between live parts and enclosure at 250V DC			
Env	Vibration	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 500Hz in each of X, Y and Z directions for 3 times each in power OFF state			
	Shock	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (approx.50G) impulse in each of X, Y and Z directions for 2 hours each in power OFF state.			
Em	itting element	Infrared LED (modulated)			
Material		Enclosure: Zinc die casting, Cover: Polyethersulphone, Lens: Polycarbonate			
Cable		0.15mm <sup>2</sup> x3cores with 1m of cabtyre cable.			
Cable extension		Up to 100m using more than 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> cable			
Pigtail and connector		See Pigtail Series or our Cables & Connectors catalogue.			
Weight		85g approx.			
Accessories		MS-RP-1, MS-RP-2, PT-RP500, PT-RP1000, RS-2.5x24, RS-3.0x24, RS-3.5x24			

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

## **Connection Diagrams**

## NPN output type

## I/O circuit diagram

![](_page_21_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

The span adjustor is so adjusted that a non-glossy white paper of 50x50mm is detected at a 200mm distance.

### • Lateral approach

![](_page_22_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_6.jpeg)

## **Light Beam Pattern**

![](_page_22_Figure_8.jpeg)

Material (50x50mm)---Sensing Distance correlation

![](_page_22_Figure_10.jpeg)

These bars show the maximum values obtained against each target when the sensor is adjusted to have sensing distance of 50mm 100mm, and 200mm against a target of non-glossy white paper.

### Target size-sensing distance correlation

![](_page_22_Figure_13.jpeg)

These curves show the values obtained against each target when the sensor is adjusted to have sensing distance of 100mm and 200mm against a target of 50x50 non-glossy white paper.

## Axial approach

CP35 SERIES

## **Precautions For Proper Use**

![](_page_23_Picture_2.jpeg)

This products is not a safety sensor designed to intend to protect life and prevent bodily injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery, but a normal object detection sensor.

### Mounting

• The tightening torque should be 1.17N m{12kgf cm} or less.

![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

 Before installing the sensor, make sure of the travelling direction of objects to attitude of the sensor facing to them.

**Right Direction Right Direction** False Direction L Obiect Object

![](_page_23_Picture_9.jpeg)

- With a specular sensing object such as an aluminum foil or a copper foil, or a glossy object polished or coated, the detectability may become unsteady by only a small change of the facing angle to the object.
- If there is a specular material facing the sensor even at a distance, it may affect the detectability. In that case, tilt the sensor to avoid the reflection on it.
- If there is a specular material or the like beyond a target object, the sensor may be affected by its angle change. In that case, tilt the sensor to avoid the reflection on the background changeable in angle and make sure of the detectability with the target object.
- Do not install the sensor near to an object less than 50mm because of the unstable detecting range.

#### Others

The transient time duration is 50ms after power-up.

#### **Distance adjustment**

Adjusters

![](_page_23_Picture_18.jpeg)

#### Adjusting procedure

step	Description	Distance adjuster
	Turn the distance adjuster fully counterclockwise to the minimum sensing ranges position(50 mm 1.969 in approx.). (Do not turn excessively.)	turn
2	Place an object at the required distance from the sensor, turn the distance adjuster gradually clockwise, and find out point '@)' where the sensor changes to the light received condition.	
3	Remove the object, turn the distance adjuster fur- ther clockwise, and find out point 'B' where the again with only the background. (When the sensor does not go to the light received condition even if the adjuster is fully turned clockwise, point 'B' is this extreme point.)	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
4	The optimum position to stably detect objects is the center point between '@' and 'B'	B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Dimensions (Unit: mm)

### **Sensor Type**

![](_page_24_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_5.jpeg)

Material: Cold rolled carbon steel(spcc) Two M4(length 16mm)hexagon-socket-head bolts are attached.

## PT-RP500 (Protective tube-optional)

![](_page_24_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_9.jpeg)

PT-RP1000 (Protective tube-optional)

![](_page_24_Figure_11.jpeg)

## Advantage & Applications

CP68<sub>SERIES</sub>

## Advantage

### Automatic crosstalk prevention

Achieves IP 67. The sensor can be put on machinery washed with water. The mounting bracket (option) is not corrosive as it is made of stainless steel material.

Caution: a water drop on the sensing face may cause the sensor generate the output.

Until the CP68 series, no other fixed-field sensing sensor has been equipped with the automatic crosstalk prevention. Even if mounted closely together or face to face, no malfunction occurs up to two sensors.

![](_page_25_Picture_6.jpeg)

## Long sensing range 2 m

The CP68 series catches an object 2m away. Long-range fixed-field sensing with sharp beam gives a variety of new ideas for your applications such as linear positioning or wide range detecting.

![](_page_25_Figure_9.jpeg)

### Two-turn adjuster with the indicator

The CP68 series features the mechanical two-turn distance adjuster and the scale pointer that shows the set distance remarkably.

![](_page_25_Picture_12.jpeg)

## **Applications**

Waterproof

## Detecting cardboard boxes passing by

![](_page_25_Picture_15.jpeg)

## Detecting Gasket on Die-casting

Stainless steel mounting bracket

does not rust

![](_page_25_Picture_17.jpeg)

## Detecting people in front of automatic door

![](_page_25_Picture_19.jpeg)

## Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression (Sn=2000 mm)

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
	2m Cable		NPN	CP68-D2000N-CY9C3U2-BS
E		10-30V DC	PNP	CP68-D2000P-CY9C3U2-BS
Infrared			NPN/PNP	CP68-D2000D-CY9C4U2-BS
Source:		12~240V DC/	SPDT Relay (4-wire) L.O./D.O.	CP68-D2000R-CY9C4L2-BS
Light		24~240V AC	SPST Solid-state L.O./D.O. (2-wire)	CP68-D2000C-CY9C2U2-BS
	Quick Disconnect		NPN	CP68-D2000N-CY9Q4UE-BS
		<b>10-30V DC</b> (Euro-style)	PNP	CP68-D2000P-CY9Q4UE-BS
200 to 200		D	NPN/PNP	CP68-D2000D-CY9Q4UE-BS
		12~240V DC/ 24~240V AC	SPDT Relay L.O./D.O. (4-wire)	CP68-D2000R-CY9Q4LM-BS
		(Micro-style)	SPST Solid-state L.O./D.O. (2-wire)	CP68-D2000P-CY9Q4UE-BS CP68-D2000D-CY9Q4UE-BS CP68-D2000R-CY9Q4LM-BS CP68-D2000C-CY9Q3UM-BS CP68-D2000C-CY9Q3UM-BS
ssion)	Sensing Distance: 200 to 2000mm 200 to 2000mm		NPN	CP68-D2000N-CY9P4UE-BS
d Suppres		<b>10-30V DC</b> (Euro-style)	РМР	CP68-D2000P-CY9P4UE-BS
Mode Ickground g Distar 2000mm			NPN/PNP	CP68-D2000D-CY9P4UE-BS
Diffuse (with Ba Sensin 200 to p		12~240V DC/ 24~240V AC	SPDT Relay (4-wire) CP68-D2000R-CY9P4LM	CP68-D2000R-CY9P4LM-BS
		(Micro-style)	SPST Solid-state L.O./D.O. (2-wire)	CP68-D2000C-CY9P3UM-BS

Note:

Av: CP68 SERIES

Coming Soon: Part numbers with underline In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Specifications (DC)

Туре		Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression			
	Type	NPN output type	PNP output type		
Ite	m Model No.	CP68-D2000N-CY9xxUx-BS	CP68-D2000P-CY9xxUx-BS		
Adj	ustable range	0.2 tc	o 2m		
Sensing range( with white non-glossy paper and adjuster in Max.)		0.1 to 2m			
Hys	steresis	10% or less at op	eration distance		
Re	peatability	Beam axial: 10mm or less, Perpen	dicular to beam axis: 1mm or less		
Su	oply voltage	10 to 30V DC Ripple	e P-P: 10% or less		
Cu	rrent consumption	50mA or less	55mA or less		
Sensing output		NPN open-collector transistor Maximum sink current: 100mA Applied voltage: 30V DC or less Residual voltage: 1V or less( at 100mA sink current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)	PNP open-collector transistor Maximum source current: 100mA Applied voltage: 30V DC or less Residual voltage: 1V or less( at 100mA source current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA source current)		
	Output operation	Selectable either Normally Open or Normally Closed			
	Short-circuit protection	Incorporated			
Response time 2ms or less		2ms or less	35		
Operation indicator         Red LED (lights up when the output is activated)					
Stability indicator         Green LED (lights up during the stable Light or the stable Dark condition).		Dark condition).			
Distance adjuster		Mechanical two-turn adjuster with scale pointer			
Automatic crosstalk Incorporated					
Protection     IP 67       Ambient temperature     -20 to +55°C( No dew condensation nor icing allowed), storage:-25 to +70°C       Ambient humidity     35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH       Ambient light     Sunlight: 10000 l x at the light receiving face, Incandescent light: 3000 l x at the light-received		IP 67			
		-20 to +55°C( No dew condensation nor icing allowed), storage:-25 to +70°C			
		35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH			
		ent light: 3000 l x at the light-receiving face.			
ntal	Noise immunity	Power line: 240Vp, 10ms cycle, and 0.5us pulse duration. Radiation: 300Vp,10ms cycle, and 0.5us pulse duration			
nme	Withstand voltage	AC 1000V for one min. Between all terminals connected and enclosure.			
viro	Insulation resistivity	20M $\Omega$ or more at 250V Megger between all terminals connected and enclosure.			
En	Vibration-proof	10 to 55Hz frequency, 0.75mm amplitude, and X, Y, and Z directions each for two hours (unenergized)			
Shock-proof 50		500m/s <sup>2</sup> acceleration (approx.50G), and X, Y, and Z directions each for three times(unenergized)			
Emitting element		Infrared LED (modulated)			
Ма	terial	Polyarilate			
Connections		Cable type: 2m long PVC , Connector type: M12(Euro-style) connector, Pigtail type: See Pigtail Series or our Cables & Connectors catalogue.			
Cable extension		Extendable up to 100m long with equivalent cable of which core is 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> or more			
Weight		Approx. 150g			

![](_page_28_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Specifications (AC/DC)

Туре	Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression		
Item Model No.	RP68-D2000R-CY9C4L2-BS (Relay Type) RP68-D2000C-CY9C2U2-BS (2-wire type)		
Sensing range	0.2 to 2m		
Sensing object	Opaque, translucent or transparent object		
Hysteresis	10% or less of sensing distance		
Repeatability	0.3mm or less		
Supply voltage	12 to 240V DC 10% or 24 to 240V AC 10% Ripple P-P 10% or less		
Switching Current Max.	3 VA		
Current consumption	< 30mA (no load)		
Output	Relay contact 1c         • Switching capacity:250V AC 1A (resistive load) 30V DC 2A (resistive load)         • Electrical life:100,000 or more operations (at rated AC load) 500,000 or more operations (at rated DC load)         • Mechanical life:100,000,000 or more operations		
Light/Dark Operation	Light-ON/Dark-ON selectable via switch		
Response time/Frequency	< 20ms / 25 Hz		
Operation indicator	Red LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition )		
Stability indicator	Green LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition)		
Sensitivity adjuster	er Continuously variable adjuster		
Interference immunity	ference immunity Incorporated (Two units of sensors can be mounted closely.)		
Pollution degree	3 (Industrial environment)		
Enclose category	IP 66 (IEC)		
Ambient temperature	-20 to +55°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed), storage: -30 to +70°C		
Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, storage: 35 to 85% RH		
Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: 11,000 x at the light receiving face, Incandescent light: 3000 x at the light-receiving face.		
EMC	IEC 60947-5-2, Parts 7.2.6.1.2.3 or RFI>3V/m(in 30-1000MHZ), EFT>1KV, ESD>4KV(contact)		
Voltage withstandability	IEC 60947-5-2 Parts 8.3.3.4, or 500V DC for one min between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
Insulation resistance	ion resistance 20M $\Omega$ ,or more, with 500V DC megger between all supply terminals		
Vibration resistance	IEC 60947-5-2, Part 7.4.2 or 10-55HZ, 1.0mm amplitude In X, Y and Z directions for 30 min		
Shock resistance	IEC 60947-5-2, Part 7.4.1 or 30g,11ms in X,Y and Z directions for six times each		
Emitting element	Infrared LED (modulated)		
Material	Enclosure: Acrylonitrile Butadine Styrene (ABS), Lens: Polycarbonate, Cover: Acrylonitrile Butadine Styrene (ABS), Front cover: Acrylic (retroreflective type sensor only)		
Connections         Cable type: 2m long PVC cable , Connector type: M12(Micro-style) connector, Pigtail type: See Pigtail Series or our Cables & Connectors catalogue.			
Cable extension	Extendable up to 100m long with equivalent cable of which core is 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> or more		
Weight	150g approx.		

## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

## **Sensing Fields**

![](_page_29_Figure_4.jpeg)

## **Emitting Beam**

![](_page_29_Figure_6.jpeg)

## **Correlation between color** (200x200mm non-glossy paper) **and sensing range**

![](_page_29_Figure_8.jpeg)

# **Correlation between material** (200x200mm) **and sensing range**

![](_page_29_Figure_10.jpeg)

## **Connection Diagrams**

## NPN output type

Av: CP68 SERIES

![](_page_30_Figure_4.jpeg)

M4 x 25mm screws

MB-7645 (supplied with sensor)

 $\mathcal{D}$ 

0

Ø

## **Precautions For Proper Use**

![](_page_31_Picture_3.jpeg)

This products is not a safety sensor designed to intend to protect life and prevent bodily injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery, but a normal object detection sensor.

L:Normally Open

Stability indicator (green)

(Lights up under the stable Light or the stable Dark condition)

## **Distance adjustment**

<Adjusters' top view> Distance adjuster (two-turn) As it is turned more clockwise, Adjuster indicator the sensing range increases.) (Shows how much the distance adjuster is rotated) Operation mode switch D:Normally Closed Þ (turn the switch up to either end.) Operation indicator( red) Lights up when the outputs is activated

#### <Adjusting procedure>

1	Turn the distance adjuster counterclockwise fully to the minimum distance of approx. 0.2m.	Fully turned
2	Locate your sample object at the place that you expect the sensor to detect. Turn the adjuster gradually clockwise and find out the point A where the sensor goes into the light condition.	NEAR FAR
3	Remove the object. Turn the adjuster clockwise until the sensor goes into the light condition again. Once it switches on, turn the adjuster back a little until the sensor goes into the dark condition where called the point B. (If the sensor does not go into the light condition over the scale without the object, the point B shall be identified as the maximum point in the scale.)	A BACK
4	Settle the adjuster at the center between the point A and B that should be the optimum setting point to detect you object.	A Optimum position

(\*1): Turn the distance adjuster gradually and lightly with the attached screwdriver. If the distance adjuster is over-turned or pressed heavily, it may be damaged.

#### **Stability indicator**

CP68 series incorporates the two-divided photo-diode as the receiving element. The sensor compares two parts of it; which one receives incident beam reflected by an object more intensely to the other. Because this optical system is based on the angle of incident beam, the sensor generates output relating to the distance between the sensor and the object. However, the stability indicator signifies the sufficiency of incident beam, not the distance operating. As an object is approaching to the sensor, the unstable condition that the indicator light off and immediately on again arises before the maximum operating point that the operation indicator lights up. It also shifts according to the difference of reflection ratio among objects. Make sure that the stability indicator always lights up while the sensor is detecting your object.

![](_page_31_Figure_12.jpeg)

#### Mounting

- Tightening torque should be 0.8N m {8.2kgf cm} or less
- Make sure which directions vour objects move to

![](_page_31_Picture_16.jpeg)

M4 nuts

- If your object is specular such as aluminum foil or copper foil, or its surface is painted or coated glossily, the sensor may not detect it by wrinkle on it or the severity of the sensing angle.
- Tilt the sensor slightly upwards to prevent the irregular reflection where the sensor is placed on a specular substance.

![](_page_31_Picture_19.jpeg)

- If there is a specular substance or the like beyond the sensing field, the sensor may lose the detectability by slight angle change or motion of it. In such case, angle the sensor not to be affected and test the detectability in actual.
- Some object may produce the dead zone right in front of the sensor.

### Wiring

- Do not supply power while wiring.
- Verify that supply voltage ripple is within the rating.
- With a commercial switching regulator, ground the F.G. Terminal.
- Where equipment generating noise such as a switching regulator or an inverter motor is placed around the sensor, ground its F.G. Terminal. • Do not run the sensor cable along any high-voltage or power cable in

## parallel or in a same raceway. It may cause a malfunction by induction.

#### Other

Do not use the sensor output signal for 50ms immediately after the power is supplied to the sensor

Avoid places where the sensor will be directly exposed to fluorescent lamp of rapid starter or high frequency lighting as it may affect the sensing performance.

-Av-06—

# **CP68** series

## Dimensions (Unit: mm)

![](_page_32_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_5.jpeg)

\*: Please see **Pigtail Series** or our **Cables & Connectors** catalogue for more information.

MB-7645 (Sensor mounting bracket-supplied with sensor)

![](_page_32_Picture_8.jpeg)

Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC) Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers and two M4 nuts are attached.

![](_page_32_Figure_10.jpeg)

## MB-6954 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)

![](_page_32_Picture_12.jpeg)

Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC) Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers and two M4 nuts are attached.

![](_page_32_Figure_14.jpeg)

—Av-07—